G 426

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## **B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2014**

### Sixth Semester

Branch : Electronics and Communication Engineering

EC 010 606 L06-TELEVISION AND RADAR ENGINEERING (Elective I) [EC]

(New Scheme-2010 Admission onwards)

[Regular/Improvement/Supplementary]

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

# Part A

Answer **all** questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

- 1. Explain the merits of vestigial sideband transmission.
- 2. Define luminance, hue and saturation.
- 3. Give the applications of radar.
- 4. Differentiate A-scope, B-scope and PPI.
- 5. How does a geostationary satellite system work ?

 $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part B

# Answer all questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 6. Why is interlaced scanning preferred over progressive scanning?
- 7. Give the working principle of a precision-in-line colour picture tube.
- 8. Derive radar range equation.
- 9. Explain the principle of over the horizon radar.
- 10. Describe the working of a satellite receiver with the aid of block diagram.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

# Part C

Answer all questions. Each question carries 12 marks.

11. Explain the various components of a composite video signal.

#### Or

12. With the help of block diagram give the operation of a monochrome receiver system.

Turn over

13. Describe the principle of NTSC coder with its block diagram.

#### Or

14. Explain the working of PAL-D colour receiver with the aid of block diagram.

15. Describe the working principle of LCD and plasma screen receiver.

#### Or

- 16. Explain cable television distribution system with a neat block diagram.
- 17. Explain two-co-ordinate amplitude comparison monopulser tracking radar.

## Or

18. Give the principle of MTI radar and delay line canceller.

19. List the various types of duplexers used in radar with their principles.

# Or

20. Give the principle of electronically steered phased array antenna and its applications.

 $(5 \times 12 = 60 \text{ marks})$